

# Characterizing Behavior and Microsaccades in Adhd Using a Mixed Sensory - Executive Psychophysical Paradigm

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**Presentation Abstract Summary** While executive and attentional functions have been extensively studied in ADHD, sensory function has received relatively little scrutiny. We introduce a new psychophysical task, consisting of visual discrimination with feature and spatial switches, that allows us to quantify sensory and executive functions, as well as their correlations. ADHD participants had longer and more variable reaction times, higher proportions of irrelevant buttons presses (PIBP) and higher sensory noise. We found correlations between participants' executive control self-report scores (GEC) with PIBP and also with sensory noise estimates. In addition, we found a positive correlation between sensory noise and microsaccade rate, and one between GEC and microsaccade rate, in line with recent studies showing less effective microsaccade inhibition with higher symptom severity. Our results demonstrate strong sensory deficits in ADHD and correlations between sensory and executive function.

**Paper Upload (PDF)** [ADHD\\_rep11.pdf](#)

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